

# Analysis of the inter-rater reliability of the Motor Assessment Scale and the Fugl-Meyer Scale



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### BACKGROUND:

- + The purpose of the study was to examine the inter-rater reliability of the four individual assessors when performing the Motor Assessment Scale and Fugl-Meyer (Lindmark Adaptation) measurements
- $\pm$  Reliability refers to the consistency, reproducibility and repeatability of the instrument or measurement procedure

It is also a measure of the degree to which the outcome measure is free of random or variable errors

- Confidence in the reliability of the assessment instrument and the raters must exist for researchers to draw valid conclusions from clinical studies (Loewen & Anderson 1988)
- $\oplus$  Inter-rater reliability is determined by the same group of patients being measured at the same time by a number of raters.
- The Fugl-Meyer (FM) is a disease-specific performance based measure of recovery following a stroke. It quantifies motor recovery, balance, sensation, joint motion and pain (Lindmark et al. 1988)

The Motor Assessment Scale (MAS) is a stroke-specific instrument to measure functional ability, developed by Carr & Shepard (1985)

#### **METHODS:**

Participants

+ People with a diagnosis of stroke, as defined by the World Health Organisation (WHO).

+ The sample group comprised of five people, two inpatients in the age related health care unit, and three outpatients who were receiving treatment in the stroke service in St. James's Hospital.

#### Methodology

+ Ethical approval was obtained from the relevant committee. Each participant gave informed consent. An assessment area was created, with the required the following structures: plinth, chair, table, along with the props required for the MAS and FM specifically

- + Four chairs were then assembled each with a clear view of the assessment area
- An experienced clinician (physiotherapist with > 20 years experience) administered each scale and four other physiotherapists independently Table 2 Score for Fugl-Meyer Scale (paretic side) scored each scale

Data Analysis	and the second s	agreement	agreement	Kappa
Percentage level of agreement between the raters was	Active Movement	87.8	81.3-94.0	0.802-0.939
calculated	Rapid Movement Changes	75.8	63.5-83.2	0.357-0.792
amount of observed agreement between raterswhich could be	Mobility	90.0	85.1-90.1	0.600-0.818
attributed to chance	Balance	92.3	89.4-98.9	0.731-0.937
beyond chance to 1 for perfect agreement (Daly & Bourke 2000)	Sensation	93.2	87.0-96.8	0.822-0.934
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### RESULTS

The following tables summarise the statistical values obtained in the study

	Average % agreement	Range % agreement	Range Weighted Kappa
Supine to side lying on the intact side	<sup>74</sup> 🖽 🖪		0.063-0.833
Supine to sitting over the side of the bed	96	92-100	0.933-1
Balanced sitting	100	100	1
Sitting to standing	100	100	1
Walking	100	100	1
Upper arm function	87	80-100	0.909-1
Hand Movements	83	65-100	0,917-1
Advanced Hand Activities	100	100	1
General Tonus	91	83-100	0-1
Mean	96	94-99	0.84-0.957

Balance	92.3	89.4-98.9	0.731-0.937	
Sensation	93.2	87.0-96.8	0.822-0.934	
Joint Pain	90.8	89.1-96.8		
Joint Motion	90.4	86.7-95.8	0.377-0.374	
Mean	92.1	87.5-94.8	0.693-0.891	
Table 3 Scores	for Fugl-N	Aeyer scale (	non-paretie	
	agreement	agreement	Kange Weighted Kappa	
Active Movement	97.2	95.5-99.2	0.740-0.934	
Rapid Movement Changes	91.4	84.1-96.0	0.046-0.902	
	and the second s	A		
Mobility	90.0	85.1-90.1	0.600-0.818	
	90.0 92.3	848	III	
Mobility Balance Sensation		85.1-90.1	III	
Balance	92.3	85.1-90.1 89.4-98.9	0.731-0.937	

94.9-99.1

0.716-0.924

96.9

Average %

Range %

Range Weighted

#### **CONCLUSIONS:**

• The MAS and FM demonstrate inter-rater reliability however to optimise this reliability, training and familiarisation should take place so that all users agree on the instructions and interpretation of scores to be applied to performance

Mean

- This is consistent with the recommendations of Carr & Shepherd who suggest that physiotherapists intending to use the Motor Assessment Scale should become familiar with the criteria for scoring by testing at least six subjects before formally using it in clinical practice (Carr & Shepherd 1985)
- Given the results of this study, such training should also be applied for the Fugl-Meyer
- Small reliability studies, such as this, are easily completed and optimise the use of such standardised outcome measures in practice

#### REFERENCES:

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